TENTATIVE AGENDA SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 18 - 22, 2021

Tuesday, January 19, 2021 Committee of the Whole - 8:00 am WEBEX/VIRTUAL MEETING ONLY

The public may join this meeting by phone/computer/app by using the information below. Contact 563-326-8702 with any questions.

CALL IN INFORMATION 1-408-418-9388
ACCESS CODE: 146 458 7684 PASS CODE: 1234

		OR you may join via Webex. Go to www.webex.com and JOIN meeting. ACCESS CODE: 146 458 7684 PASS CODE: 1234 See the Webex Instructions in packet for a direct link to the meeting.
	1.	Roll Call: Croken, Kinzer, Knobbe, Maxwell, Beck
	2.	Public Comment. (If calling in, *3 to raise/lower hand, *6 to unmute)
Facilities	& I	Economic Development
	3.	28E Intergovernmental Agreement for Mutual Assistance with Clinton County for Secondary Roads Services. (Item 3)
	4.	Appointment of weed commissioner. (Item 4)
	5.	Policy for Purchase of Right-of Way 2021. (Item 5)
	6.	Authorizing engineer to make necessary road closures and reduced speed limits in work zones. (Item 6)
—— Human R		Second and final reading on an ordinance amendment to adopt new Flood Insurance Rates Maps in accordance with the National Flood Insurance Program and amend certain provisions and sections of Scott County Code Chapter 6, Zoning For Unincorporated Areas related to floodplain regulations. (Item 7) purces
8	3. S	Staff appointments. (Item 8)
Finance 8	& I	ntergovernmental
	9.	Non-Congregate Care Sheltering Contract Amendments. (Item 9)
1	0.	FY22 maximum proposed tax levy public hearing set for February 18, 2021. (Item 10)
Other Iter	ns	of Interest
	11.	Appointments to the 2021 Condemnation Appraisal Jury. (Item 11)
	12.	Board Appointments: Library Board (3), Building Board of Appeals, County Assessor Examining Board, Judicial Magistrate Appointment Commission. (Item 12)

 13.	Consideration of appointments commissions.	s with upcoming	term expira	ations for boards and	
	o Benefited Fire District #3	•	04/01/21	Serving since 2017 Serving since 2020 Serving since 2010	
 14.	Recognizing Martin Luther Kin (Item 14)	g Jr. Holiday as	a Day of S	ervice in Scott County.	
 15.	Recognizing January as Natio	nal Mentoring M	onth - Big I	Brothers - Big Sisters. (Item	15)
 16.	Adjourned. Moved by	Seconded by _			

Thursday, January 21, 2021

Regular Board Meeting - 5:00 pm WEBEX/VIRTUAL MEETING ONLY

The public may join this meeting by phone/computer/app by using the information below. Contact 563-326-8702 with any questions.

CALL IN INFORMATION 1-408-418-9388 ACCESS CODE: 146 137 4352 PASS CODE: 1234

OR you may join via Webex. Go to www.webex.com and JOIN meeting.

ACCESS CODE: 146 137 4352 PASS CODE: 1234

See the Webex Instructions in packet for a direct link to the meeting.

Instructions for Unmuting Phone Line during Board Meeting teleconference

To gain the moderator's attention, *press* *3 *from your phone OR the raise hand* icon on computer or mobile device. Phone lines will be placed on mute during the meeting. Participants may unmute their line using the mute icon or *6 on their phone after being recognized by the Chair.

Connect via Computer or application:

Host: <u>www.webex.com</u> Meeting number: **146 458 7684** Password: **1234**

Link to meeting (click): Scott County Board of Supervisors Committee of the Whole 01-19-21 8:00 AM

Full Link:

.https://scottcountyiowa.webex.com/scottcountyiowa/onstage/g.php?MTID=eb442cbd064211cc6c89 cb030d39ae68c.

Connect via telephone:

1-408-418-9388 Meeting number: **146 458 7684** Password: **1234**

Telephone / Cell Phones Connections:

Telephones lines will be placed on mute during the meeting. Participants may "raise their hand" by using *3 to gain attention of the host.

When called upon for comments by the Board,

- 1. The host will then unmute the participant's line at the appropriate time.
- 2. A user must have his or her own device unmuted.
- 3. The user may then unmute his or her conference line by keying * 6
- 4. After conversation, please lower your hand. (*3 again)

Computer / Application Connections:

If connected via web application or computer, the user should look for the symbol and click to appear raised so the host may acknowledge you.

- 1. The host will then unmute the participant's line at the appropriate time.
- 2. A user must have his or her own device unmuted.
- 3. The user may then unmute his or her conference line by clicking the microphone symbol.
- 4. After conversation, please lower your hand. (*3 again)

You can mute yourself so that everyone can concentrate on what's being discussed.

While you're on a call or in a meeting, select at the bottom of the meeting window. You'll know it's working when the button turns red,

If you want to unmute yourself, select . Others can hear you when the button turns gray.

When you're muted and move away from the call controls, the mute button moves to the center of your screen and fades in color to indicate that you're still muted.

SCOTT COUNTY ENGINEER'S OFFICE

950 E. Blackhawk Trail Eldridge, Iowa 52748

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ANGELA K. KERSTEN, P.E. County Engineer

ELLIOTT R. PENNOCK, E.I.T. Assistant County Engineer

TARA YOUNGERS Senior Administrative Assistant

MEMO

TO: Mahesh Sharma

County Administrator

FROM: Angie Kersten, P.E.

County Engineer

SUBJ: 28E Intergovernmental Agreement for Mutual Assistance with Clinton County

DATE: January 11, 2021

This resolution is to approve a 28E Intergovernmental Agreement with Clinton County regarding mutual assistance for secondary roads services.

Severe weather causing record flooding in 2019 and the derecho storm in 2020, along with the COVID-19 pandemic have prompted both Scott and Clinton Counties to evaluate our capabilities to respond to these types of events and perform secondary road services. The Clinton County Engineer and I determined that an agreement would mutually benefit both counties and allow for an immediate response with assistance if needed. Clinton County and Scott County Secondary Roads Departments have a long history of successfully partnering to share equipment, perform roadside vegetation management services, and construct county line projects. Entering into this agreement will provide each county a resource of comparably trained employees and equipment.

Included with this memo is the agreement. The agreement was drafted by Rhonda Oostenryk and reviewed by Rob Cusack. I recommend entering into this agreement with Clinton County to provide mutual assistance for secondary roads services.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT MUTUAL ASSISTANCE FOR SECONDARY ROAD SERVICES WITH AND BETWEEN SCOTT COUNTY IOWA AND CLINTON COUNTY IOWA

This Agreement made by and between Scott County, Iowa, a political subdivision of the State of Iowa, acting through its Board of Supervisors, hereinafter referred to as "Scott County" and Clinton County, Iowa, a political subdivision of the State of Iowa, acting through its Board of Supervisors, hereinafter referred to as "Clinton County".

In the interest of intergovernmental cooperation this agreement is being made to provide mutual assistance for secondary roads services.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the parties to this agreement are governmental subdivisions of the State of Iowa, and

WHEREAS, Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa provides for the joint exercise of governmental powers in providing public services, and

WHEREAS, situations may arise in regard to secondary road emergencies or circumstances which exhaust available personnel and equipment, or require additional personnel or equipment that the responsible jurisdiction may not have available at any given time, and

WHEREAS, to perform the necessary work during such emergencies or circumstances, it is desirable for the Parties to render needed secondary roads services upon a reciprocal basis, and

WHEREAS, Scott County and Clinton County desire to enter into a 28E agreement, the purpose of which is to provide secondary roads mutual assistance of one entity to the other in such emergencies or circumstances requiring additional personnel and/or equipment, and

IT IS THEREFORE STIPULATED AND AGREED between Scott County and Clinton County hereto as follows:

1. Definitions:

- a) Mutual Assistance: The assistance of secondary roads personnel and equipment provided by one Party ("Assisting Party") and requested by the other Party ("Assisted Party") to this Agreement.
- b) Incident Commander: The person who, by virtue of his/her Secondary Road Department position with the Assisted Party, is responsible for the overall command and direction of the emergency response activities or circumstances (County Engineer or their designee).
- c) Emergency: Any situation where a Party, due to lack of personnel, equipment needs or magnitude of event, concludes; based upon actual circumstances that assistance is needed to protect life and/or property within its jurisdiction. The Parties contemplate an Emergency to involve short duration, defined in hours rather than days.
- d) Circumstances: Any situation where a Party, due to lack of personnel or equipment needs, concludes; that assistance is needed to perform a secondary roads service within its jurisdiction. The Parties contemplate a circumstance to involve short or medium duration, defined in hours, days or weeks rather than months.
- 2. Upon request, an Assisting Party may dispatch personnel, equipment and supplies to any point within the area for which the Assisted Party normally provides such personnel, equipment or supplies.

- 3. The Assisted Party shall include in its request for assistance the amount and type of equipment, the number of personnel and supplies requested and shall specify the location where the personnel, equipment and supplies are needed. It is hereby agreed by the Parties that the final decision as to the amount and type of equipment, the number of personnel and supplies to be furnished shall be made by the Assisting Party. No Party may make and claim whatsoever against another Party for refusal to send the requested equipment, personnel or supplies. All equipment used by a member in carrying out this agreement shall, at the time of the act, be owned by it.
- 4. While on duty with the Assisted Party, an Assisting Party is subject to the lawful operational commands from the Incident Commander of the Assisted Party. All personnel acting for the member under this agreement shall, at the time of such action, remain an employee of that person's own agency for administrative and personnel purposes, including pay.
- 5. The Assisting Parties will be released and returned to their own jurisdictions as soon as the situation is restored to the point where the Assisted Party is able to satisfactorily handle the situation with its own resources. However, each Party reserves the right to recall any or all rendered assistance whenever it believes that such recall is necessary to ensure adequate protection of its own jurisdiction or personnel.

6. Liabilities/Insurance:

- a) The Assisted Party agrees to fully and in all respects indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the Assisting Party, and its agents and employees from and against any and all claims, demands, liabilities, losses, including attorney fees and costs, suits in law or in equity which are made by a third party and arise from providing assistance pursuant to this agreement; provided, however, that such a claim is not a result of willful or reckless misconduct by the Assisting Party, its agents and employees, and provided that the Assisting Party is expressly acting on approved orders and directives of the Assisted Party pursuant to this agreement. The full legal and financial responsibility for injury, disability, or death of an employee shall remain with the employee's respective agency. Nothing in this paragraph shall require the Assisted Party to provide indemnification to the Assisting Party or its personnel when:
 - i. Such personnel refuse to carry out the lawful direction of the Assisted Party Incident Commander in charge.
 - ii. Such personnel deliberately and without justification act to violate the laws of Iowa or U.S. Code.
 - iii. Such personnel act with the deliberate intention of causing harm to persons or property.
- b) The Assisted Party will provide liability insurance coverage to the extent permitted by law to any Assisting Party personnel who is the driver of a motor vehicle or operator of a piece of equipment owned, leased, or controlled by the Assisted Party.

7. Reimbursement Requirements:

- a) All materials, supplies, labor and equipment costs shall be reimbursed to the County providing services on a monthly billing basis. Billing documentation shall include itemized lists of personnel hours, quantity of materials, supplies used and hours of equipment usage. All invoices for services shall be paid by the end of the fiscal year in which the costs occurred.
- b) Labor costs shall include actual costs, including benefits.
- c) The equipment rental rates used shall be those published by the Iowa Department of Transportation (as listed for cost accounting and annual report purposes) for the fiscal year the expenses were incurred. The rates selected shall be for the type of equipment used.
- 8. No Party operating under this agreement shall discriminate against any individual on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin in any manner, prohibited by the laws of the United States or the State of Iowa.
- 9. This agreement may be amended at any time by written agreement of both the Parties.
- 10. This agreement shall be automatically renewed at the end of each anniversary date unless terminated by either Party in writing 60 days prior to said date.

This agreement shall be binding and shall supersede any and all previous agreements between Scott County and Clinton County made for the purpose of mutual assistance for

11.

secondary roads services.

THE COUNTY AUDITOR'S SIGNATURE CERTIFIES THAT
THIS RESOLUTION HAS BEEN FORMALLY APPROVED BY
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON
DATE
SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR
SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

APPROVAL OF 28E INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN

SCOTT COUNTY, IOWA AND CLINTON COUNTY, IOWA FOR

MUTUAL ASSISTANCE FOR SECONDARY ROAD SERVICES

BE IT RESOLVED by the Scott County Board of Supervisors as follows:

- Section 1. That the 28E Intergovernmental Agreement between Scott County, Iowa and Clinton County, Iowa for mutual assistance for secondary roads services be approved.
- Section 2. That the Chairperson be authorized to sign the Agreement on behalf of the Board.
- Section 3. That this resolution shall take effect immediately.

SCOTT COUNTY ENGINEER'S OFFICE

950 E. Blackhawk Trail Eldridge, Iowa 52748

(563) 326-8640 FAX – (563) 328-4173 E-MAIL - engineer@scottcountyiowa.gov WEB SITE - www.scottcountyiowa.gov



ANGELA K. KERSTEN, P.E. County Engineer

ELLIOTT R. PENNOCK, E.I.T. Assistant County Engineer

TARA YOUNGERS Senior Administrative Assistant

MEMO

TO: Mahesh Sharma

County Administrator

FROM: Angie Kersten, P.E.

County Engineer

SUBJ: Weed Commissioner Appointment

DATE: January 8, 2021

This resolution is to appoint the position of the Weed Commissioner in Scott County. Iowa Code Chapter 317.3 requires the yearly appointment of a Weed Commissioner. I recommend approving the appointment of the Scott County Engineer as the Weed Commissioner for Scott County during the 2021 calendar year.

THE COUNTY AUDITOR'S SIGNATURE CERT THIS RESOLUTION HAS BEEN FORMALLY A THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON	
	DATE
SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR	

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

APPROVING APPOINTMENT OF THE SCOTT COUNTY ENGINEER
AS THE SCOTT COUNTY WEED COMMISSIONER FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2021

BE IT RESOLVED by the Scott County Board of Supervisors as follows:

SECTION 1. In compliance with Chapter 317.3 of the Iowa Code,
the Scott County Weed Commissioner shall be the responsibility
of the Scott County Engineer effective immediately.

SECTION 2. This resolution will certify to the Scott County Auditor and the Secretary of Agriculture that the Scott County Weed Commissioner is the Scott County Engineer.

SECTION 3. That this resolution shall take effect immediately.

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TARA YOUNGERS Senior Administrative Assistant

ANGELA K. KERSTEN, P.E. County Engineer

ELLIOTT R. PENNOCK, E.I.T. Assistant County Engineer

MEMO

TO: Mahesh Sharma

County Administrator

FROM: Angie Kersten, P.E.

County Engineer

SUBJ: Resolution Approving Policy for Purchase of Right-of-Way in 2021

DATE: January 11, 2021

Iowa Code Section 6B.54 requires counties to adopt a policy for the purchase of uncomplicated right-of-way parcels. Scott County occasionally purchases right-of-way around new bridge or culvert construction projects.

In order to determine a fair market value, the County Assessor has provided a list of land purchases over the past year. We have used this list to evaluate a multiplier to determine the price of land when uncomplicated right-of-way is purchased by the county.

The factor in 2020 for land by easement or deed was 4.64 times the assessed valuation per acre. The 2021 factor will be 6.20 times the assessed valuation per acre.

THE COUNTY AUDITOR'S SIGNATURE CERT THIS RESOLUTION HAS BEEN FORMALLY A	
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON	
	DATE
SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR	•

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

POLICY FOR PURCHASE OF RIGHT-OF-WAY FOR 2021 January 21, 2021

WHEREAS: The uniform treatment of landowners in right-of-way is of paramount importance, and

WHEREAS: Assurance must be given to the Iowa Department of Transportation that Scott County is in compliance with the provisions of the 1970 Uniform Relocation Assistance and Land Acquisition Policies Act,

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Scott County Board of Supervisors on this twenty-first day of January, 2021, that the Scott County Engineer is authorized to purchase the necessary right-of-way for construction and maintenance during the calendar year 2021, using the values computed in accord with the following schedule of allowances:

SCHEDULE I - AGRICULTURAL LAND:

For land by easement or deed: 6.20 times the assessed valuation per acre as it currently exists at the time an offer is made.

SECTION II - RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL LAND:

For land by easement or deed, where such land is classified by the assessor as residential, commercial or industrial for zoning purposes - generally the appraisal method will be used.

SECTION III - FEDERALLY FUNDED PROJECTS, FARM-TO-MARKET FUNDED PROJECTS, AND SPECIAL PURCHASES - APPRAISAL METHOD:

This section will only be utilized when the following conditions are determined to exist:

- 1. Where any buildings or special improvements or appurtenances exist on the parcel being taken.
- 2. Where there are definable damages to the remaining property.
- 3. Where federal funds or farm-to-market funds are involved requiring the complete appraisal method.
- 4. Where the parcel being taken is not representative of the total piece.
- 5. For properties as noted under Section II.

The County Engineer will seek two or more quotes for the service of an appraiser for the review by the Board of Supervisors prior to employment of an appraiser. The appraisal document will serve as the basis for purchase of the parcel.

SECTION IV - BORROW:

For land disturbed by reason of borrow or backslope: The value

shall be based on the price per cubic yard of material taken - (\$0.30/cu.yd.). Agreement will also be made for the restoration of the area disturbed for borrow or backslope, either by removing and replacing 8 inches of top soil or by other appropriate measures, in accordance with Section 314.12, 1995 Code of Iowa. Compensation for crop loss or other land use loss in borrow or backslope areas will be determined based on the rental value for similar land in the area. If crops have been planted, payment will be made to cover tillage cost, seed cost and fertilizer cost based on the pro-rated actual cost incurred. If the crop is harvested before the area is disturbed there will be no compensation for crop loss.

SECTION V - WATER LINES:

For existing privately owned water lines crossing the roadway:

The total cost of any alterations required on the line within the new or existing right-of-way will be at the expense of the County.

SECTION VI - FENCES:

For the relocation of functional fences made necessary by the reconstruction of an existing roadway, a new fence will be allowed for all of the same type as the existing right-of-way fence. Allowances are \$25.00 per rod for woven wire, \$16.00 per

rod for barbed wire. If no fence exists, no fence payment will be allowed. The length for payment will be the footage required to fence the new right-of-way. For relocating cross fences to the new right-of-way, the length of fence required to be moved shall be compensated at the rate for the same type of right-ofway fence above. For angle points introduced into the fence line by the design of the roadway, an allowance of \$166.00 for a twopost panel and \$260.00 for a three-post panel will be made. All salvage from the existing fence shall become the NOTE: property of the property owner. Payment for fencing will be withheld until all existing fence has been removed and cleared from the right-of-way. If the fence or any part thereof is not removed at the time of construction, it will be removed by Scott County or its contractor and a penalty of \$3.00 per rod assessed and deducted from the fence payment. For the removal of nonfunctional fences made necessary for the reconstruction of an existing roadway, the County will compensate the owner for his labor and equipment at the following rates:

Woven Wire - \$10.00 per rod

Barbed Wire - \$ 8.00 per rod

NOTE: All salvage from existing fence shall become the property of the owner. Payment for removal of non-functional fences will

be withheld until all existing fences has been removed and cleared from the right-of-way. If fence or any part thereof is not removed at time of construction, it will be removed by Scott County or its contractor and the owner will forfeit any payment tendered for the fence.

DEFINITIONS:

<u>Functional:</u> In good state of repair and capable of containing livestock for which the fence was constructed.

Non-functional: In disrepair and incapable of containing the livestock for which the fence was constructed. Compensation for relocating fences of a type other than those described shall be negotiated.

SECTION VII - TREES AND SHRUBS:

For trees and ornamental shrubs which must be removed from the residence areas: compensation will be made on basis of appraisal by an arborist or by negotiation.

SECTION VIII - INCIDENTAL EXPENSES:

A lump sum of \$50.00 which shall compensate the owner for any out-of-pocket expense incurred as a result of this transaction; i.e., abstracting fees, postage, telephone, etc.

<u>SECTION IX - EASEMENT PRIORITY AGREEMENTS:</u>

Scott County will pay all costs assessed by mortgage holders in

executing "Easement Priority Agreements" for the easements obtained under the terms of this policy.

SECTION X:

PASSED AND APPROVED this twenty-first day of January, 2021, by the Scott County Board of Supervisors.

SECTION XI: This resolution shall take effect immediately.

SCOTT COUNTY ENGINEER'S OFFICE

950 E. Blackhawk Trail Eldridge, Iowa 52748

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ANGELA K. KERSTEN, P.E. County Engineer

ELLIOTT R. PENNOCK, E.I.T. Assistant County Engineer

TARA YOUNGERS Senior Administrative Assistant

MEMO

TO: Mahesh Sharma

County Administrator

FROM: Angie Kersten, P.E.

County Engineer

SUBJ: Resolution Authorizing the County Engineer to Make Necessary Road Closures and

Reduced Speed Limit in Work Zones

DATE: January 8, 2021

This resolution is to authorize the County Engineer to make necessary road closures during the 2021 calendar year for construction and maintenance projects on secondary roads. Including any emergency closures as deemed necessary.

Road closures for activities such as the Quad City Air Show or other community-sponsored events will be handled by a separate resolution and are not included in this resolution.

This resolution also authorizes the County Engineer to post a reduced speed limit in work zones to ensure the safety of the workers and traveling public within the work zone.

THE COUNTY AUDITOR'S SIGNATURE CERTIFIES	THAT
THIS RESOLUTION HAS BEEN FORMALLY APPRO	VED BY
THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON	
D	ATE
SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR	

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

AUTHORIZATION FOR COUNTY ENGINEER TO MAKE NECESSARY ROAD CLOSURES AND POST REDUCED SPEED LIMITS IN WORK ZONES

BE IT RESOLVED by the Scott County Board of Supervisors as follows:

SECTION 1. The Code of Iowa Section 306.41, provides for the temporary closure of County Secondary Roads for various reasons and purposes.

SECTION 2. That the County Engineer be authorized to close Scott County Secondary Roads during the 2021 calendar year, as necessary, with the actual dates and times of closure to be determined by the County Engineer as follows:

For Construction: Any project as described in the approved "Scott County Secondary Roads and Farm-to-Market Construction Program" and any supplements thereto.

For Maintenance: Any maintenance project or activity requiring the road to be closed.

For Emergencies: For any emergency road closure of any route as deemed necessary by the County Engineer.

SECTION 3. That the County Engineer be authorized to post a reduced speed limit in work zones to ensure the safety of the workers and county employees within the work zones.

SECTION 4. That this resolution shall take effect immediately.

SCOTT COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 21-

AN ORDINANCE TO ADOPT AMENDMENTS TO CHAPTER 6 OF THE SCOTT COUNTY CODE TO ADD AND AMEND CERTAIN DEFINITIONS RELATED TO FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS AND TO ALSO AMEND CERTAIN SPECIFIC FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS IN ORDER TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM AS REQUIRED BY THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF SCOTT COUNTY, IOWA:

Section 1 Amend the following sections of Chapter 6, SCOTT COUNTY CODE, 2012.

6-2	SCOPE AND PURPOSE
6-5.	DEFINITIONS
6-8	ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS AND DISTRICT BOUNDARIES
6-21.	GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE FLOODWAY, FLOODWAY FRINGE, AND FLOODPLAIN OVERLAY DISTRICTS
6-22. "FW"	Floodway Overlay District
6-23. "FF"	Floodway Fringe Overlay District
6-24. "GF"	General Flood Plain Overlay District
6-30	ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

Section 2. Add the following language to Section 6-2 SCOPE AND PURPOSE

1. Statutory Authority, Findings of Fact and Purpose

The Legislature of the State of Iowa has in Chapter 335, Code of Iowa, as amended, delegated the power to counties to enact zoning regulations to secure safety from flood and to promote health and the general welfare.

2. Findings of Fact

- A. The flood hazard areas of unincorporated Scott County are subject to periodic inundation which can result in loss of life and property, health and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures for flood protection and relief, and impairment of the tax base all of which adversely affect the public health, safety and general welfare of the community.
- B. These flood losses, hazards, and related adverse effects are caused by: (i) The occupancy of flood hazard areas by uses vulnerable to flood damages which create hazardous conditions as a result of being inadequately elevated or otherwise protected from flooding and (ii) the cumulative effect of obstructions on the floodplain causing increases in flood heights and velocities.
- C. This ordinance relies upon engineering methodology for analyzing flood hazards which is consistent with the standards established by the Iowa Department of Natural Resources.

3. Statement of Purpose

It is the purpose of this Ordinance to protect and preserve the rights, privileges and property of unincorporated Scott County and its residents and to preserve and improve the peace, safety, health,

- welfare, and comfort and convenience of its residents by minimizing those flood losses described in Section 3.2.A. of this Ordinance with provisions designed to:
- A. Reserve sufficient floodplain area for the conveyance of flood flows so that flood heights and velocities will not be increased substantially.
- B. Restrict or prohibit uses which are dangerous to health, safety or property in times of flood or which cause excessive increases in flood heights or velocities.
- C. Require that uses vulnerable to floods, including public facilities which serve such uses, be protected against flood damage at the time of initial construction or substantial improvement.
- D. Protect individuals from buying lands which may not be suited for intended purposes because of flood hazard.
- E. Assure that eligibility is maintained for property owners in the community to purchase flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Program.
- Section 3. Amend certain portions of Section 6-8 ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS AND DISTRICT BOUNDARIES to read as follows:
- D. Flood Plain Overlay Map: The boundaries of the flood plain overlay districts shall be the same as shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps, which were issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) for Scott County and Incorporated Areas, dated March 23, 2021, which were prepared as part of the Scott County Flood Insurance Study, are hereby adopted by reference and declared to be the Official Flood Plain Zoning Map for unincorporated Scott County. The flood profiles and all explanatory material contained with the Flood Insurance Study are declared to be part of this ordinance. These maps are hereby adopted by reference as the Official Flood Identification Maps, together with the accompanying Flood Insurance Study and all explanatory material therein. These maps shall have the same force and effect as if they were all fully set forth or described herein. Subsequent amendments to these maps and Flood Insurance Study shall be adopted through the procedures established herein.

The flood plain overlay districts shall include the corresponding designated areas identified on the Flood Insurance Rate Map as indicated below:

- "FW" The designated Floodway on Flood Insurance Rate Map.
- "FF" The designated Floodway Fringe on Flood Insurance Rate Map.
- "GF" The areas shown on Flood Insurance Rate Map as being within the approximate Special Flood Hazard Area, but for which the floodway and floodway fringe and base flood elevation were not determined by the Flood Insurance Study. The maps are available for review in the office of the Scott County Department of Planning and Development.
- Section 4. Add, replace or amend the following definitions in Section 6-5. Insert in alphabetical order and number appropriately.

APPURTENANT STRUCTURE – A structure which is on the same parcel of the property as the principal structure to be insured and the use of which is incidental to the use of the principal structure.

BASE FLOOD - The flood having one (1) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. (Also commonly referred to as the "100-year flood").

BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (BFE) – The elevation floodwaters would reach at a particular site during the occurrence of a base flood event.

BASEMENT: A story having more than one-half (1/2) of its height below the average grade surrounding the building or any enclosed area of a building which has its floor or lowest level below ground level (subgrade) on all sides. A basement is not counted as a story for height regulation purposes. See also "lowest floor" definition for flood plain requirements.

DEVELOPMENT: Any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials. "Development" does not include "minor projects" or "routine maintenance of existing buildings and facilities" as defined in this section. It also does not include gardening, plowing, and similar practices that do not involve filling or grading.

ENCLOSED AREA BELOW LOWEST FLOOR – The floor of the lowest enclosed area in a building when all the following criteria are met:

- A. The enclosed area is designed to flood to equalize hydrostatic pressure during flood events with walls or openings that satisfy the provisions of 6-23.B(5) of this Ordinance, and
- B. The enclosed area is unfinished (not carpeted, drywalled, etc.) and used solely for low damage potential uses such as building access, parking or storage, and
- C. Machinery and service facilities (e.g., hot water heater, furnace, electrical service) contained in the enclosed area are located at least one (1) foot above the base flood elevation, and
- D. The enclosed area is not a "basement" as defined in this section.

EXISTING CONSTRUCTION - Any structure for which the "start of construction" commenced before the effective date of the first floodplain management regulations adopted by the community.

EXISTING FACTORY-BUILT HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION - A factory-built home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the factory-built homes are to be affixed (including at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed before the effective date of the first floodplain management regulations adopted by the community.

EXPANSION OF EXISTING FACTORY-BUILT HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION - The preparation of additional sites by the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the factory-built homes are to be affixed (including at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads).

FACTORY-BUILT HOME - Any structure, designed for residential use which is wholly or in substantial part, made, fabricated, formed or assembled in manufacturing facilities for installation or assembly and installation, on a building site. For the purpose of this Ordinance factory-built homes include mobile homes, manufactured homes, and modular homes; and also include "recreational vehicles" which are placed on a site for greater than 180 consecutive days and not fully licensed for and ready for highway use.

FACTORY-BUILT HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION - A parcel or contiguous parcels of land divided into two or more factory-built home lots for sale or lease.

FIVE HUNDRED (500) YEAR FLOOD – A flood, the magnitude of which has a two-tenths (0.2) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year or which, on average, will be equaled or exceeded at least once every five hundred (500) years.

FLOOD - A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas resulting from the overflow of streams or rivers or from the unusual and rapid runoff of surface waters from any source.

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) - The official map prepared as part of (but published separately from) the Flood Insurance Study which delineates both the flood hazard areas and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY (FIS) – A report published by FEMA for a community issued along with the community's Flood Insurance Rate Map(s). The study contains such background data as the base flood discharge and water surface elevations that were used to prepare the FIRM.

FLOODPLAIN - Any land area susceptible to being inundated by water as a result of a flood.

FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT - An overall program of corrective and preventive measures for reducing flood damages and promoting the wise use of floodplains, including but not limited to emergency preparedness plans, flood control works, floodproofing and floodplain management regulations.

FLOODPROOFING - Any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures, including utility and sanitary facilities, which will reduce or eliminate flood damage to such structures.

FLOODWAY - The channel of a river or stream and those portions of the floodplains adjoining the channel, which are reasonably required to carry and discharge flood waters or flood flows so that confinement of flood flows to the floodway area will not cumulatively increase the water surface elevation of the base flood by more than one (1) foot.

FLOODWAY FRINGE - Those portions of the Special Flood Hazard Area outside the floodway.

HIGHEST ADJACENT GRADE – The highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.

HISTORIC STRUCTURE - Any structure that is:

- A. Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places, maintained by the Department of Interior, or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing of the National Register;
- B. Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district;
- C. Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or,
- D. Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified by either i) an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior or ii) directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

LOWEST FLOOR - The floor of the lowest enclosed area in a building including a basement except when the criteria listed in the definition of Enclosed Area below Lowest Floor are met.

MAXIMUM DAMAGE POTENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – Hospitals and like institutions; buildings or building complexes containing documents, data, or instruments of great public value;

buildings or building complexes containing materials dangerous to the public or fuel storage facilities; power installations needed in emergency or other buildings or building complexes similar in nature or use.

MINOR PROJECTS - Small development activities (except for filling, grading and excavating) valued at less than \$500.

NEW CONSTRUCTION - (new buildings, factory-built home parks) - Those structures or development for which the start of construction commenced on or after June 1, 1977, the effective date of the first floodplain management regulations and Flood Insurance Rate Map adopted by Scott County for unincorporated areas.

NEW FACTORY-BUILT HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION - A factory-built home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the factory-built homes are to be affixed (including at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed on or after the effective date of the effective date of the first floodplain management regulations adopted by the community.

RECREATIONAL VEHICLE - A vehicle which is:

- A. Built on a single chassis;
- B. Four hundred (400) square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection;
- C. Designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light duty truck; and
- D. Designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as a temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE OF EXISTING BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES – Repairs necessary to keep a structure in a safe and habitable condition that do not trigger a building permit, provided they are not associated with a general improvement of the structure or repair of a damaged structure. Such repairs include:

- A. Normal maintenance of structures such as re-roofing, replacing roofing tiles and replacing siding;
- B. Exterior and interior painting, papering, tiling, carpeting, cabinets, counter tops and similar finish work;
- C. Basement sealing;
- D. Repairing or replacing damaged or broken window panes;
- E. Repairing plumbing systems, electrical systems, heating or air conditioning systems and repairing wells or septic systems.

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA (SFHA) – The land within a community subject to the "base flood". This land is identified on the community's Flood Insurance Rate Map as Zone A, A1-30, AE, AH, AO, AR, and/or A99.

START OF CONSTRUCTION - Includes substantial improvement, and means the date the development permit was issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, placement, or other improvement, was within 180 days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement or permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as pouring of a slab or footings, the installation of pile, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a factory-built home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings such as garages or sheds not occupied as

dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial improvement, the actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

STRUCTURE - Anything constructed or erected on the ground or attached to the ground, including, but not limited to, buildings, factories, sheds, cabins, factory-built homes, storage tanks, grain storage facilities and/or other similar uses.

SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE - Damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before damage condition would equal or exceed fifty (50) percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred. Volunteer labor and donated materials shall be included in the estimated cost of repair. (OPTIONAL LANGUAGE: Substantial damage also means flood-related damages sustained by a structure on two separate occasions during a 10-year period for which the cost of repairs at the time of such flood event, on the average, equals or exceeds 25 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred. Volunteer labor and donated materials shall be included in the estimated cost of repair.)

SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT - Any improvement to a structure which satisfies either of the following criteria:

- A. Any repair, reconstruction, or improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds fifty (50) percent of the assessed value of the structure either (i) before the "start of construction" of the improvement, or (ii) if the structure has been "substantially damaged" and is being restored, before the damage occurred. The term does not, however, include any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which have been identified by the local code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions. The term also does not include any alteration of an "historic structure", provided the alteration will not preclude the structure's designation as an "historic structure".
- B. Any addition which increases the original floor area of a building by 25 percent or more. All additions constructed after the effective date of the first floodplain management regulations adopted by the community shall be added to any proposed addition in determining whether the total increase in original floor space would exceed 25 percent.

VARIANCE (Floodplain regulations) - A grant of relief by a community from the terms of the floodplain management regulations.

VIOLATION - The failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community's floodplain management regulations.

- Section 5. Delete Section 6-21 GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE FLOODWAY, FLOODWAY FRINGE, AND GENERAL FLOODPLAIN OVERLAY DISTRICTS and replace with a new Section 6-21 GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE FLOODWAY, FLOODWAY FRINGE, GENERAL FLOODPLAIN, AND SHALLOW FLOODING OVERLAY DISTRICTS as follows:
 - A. General Provisions of the Floodplain Overlay Districts
 - 1. Lands to Which Ordinance Apply

The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to all lands within the jurisdiction of Scott County shown on the Official Floodplain Zoning Map as being within the boundaries of the Floodway, Floodway Fringe, and General Floodplain Districts, as established in this ordinance.

2. Establishment of Official Floodplain Zoning Map

The Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) for Scott County's unincorporated areas, dated March 23, 2021, which was prepared as part of the Flood Insurance Study for Scott County, are hereby adopted by reference and declared to be the Official Floodplain Zoning Map. The Scott County Flood Insurance Study is hereby adopted by reference and is made a part of this ordinance for the purpose of administering floodplain management regulations.

3. Rules for Interpretation of District Boundaries

The boundaries of the zoning district areas shall be determined by scaling distances on the Official Floodplain Zoning Map. When an interpretation is needed as to the exact location of a boundary, the Scott County Planning Director shall make the necessary interpretation. The Board of Adjustment shall hear and decide appeals when it is alleged that there is an error in any requirement, decision, or determination made by the Scott County Planning Director in the enforcement or administration of this Ordinance.

4. Compliance

No structure or land shall hereafter be used and no structure shall be located, extended, converted or structurally altered without full compliance with the terms of this Ordinance and other applicable regulations which apply to uses within the jurisdiction of this Ordinance.

5. Abrogation and Greater Restrictions

It is not intended by this Ordinance to repeal, abrogate or impair any existing easements, covenants, or deed restrictions. However, where this Ordinance imposes greater restrictions, the provision of this Ordinance shall prevail. All other ordinances inconsistent with this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of the inconsistency only.

6. Interpretation

In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this Ordinance shall be held to be minimum requirements and shall be liberally construed in favor of the governing body and shall not be deemed a limitation or repeal of any other powers granted by State statutes.

7. Warning and Disclaimer of Liability

The standards required by this Ordinance are considered reasonable for regulatory purposes. This Ordinance does not imply that areas outside the designated Floodplain Overlay District areas will be free from flooding or flood damages. This Ordinance shall not create liability on the part of Scot County or any officer or employee thereof for any flood damages that result from reliance on this Ordinance or any administrative decision lawfully made there under.

8. Severability

If any section, clause, provision or portion of this Ordinance is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Ordinance shall not be affected thereby.

B. Administration

- 1. Appointment, Duties and Responsibilities of Local Official
 - A. The Scott County Planning Director is hereby appointed to implement and administer the provisions of this Ordinance and will herein be referred to as the Administrator.
 - B. Duties and responsibilities of the Administrator shall include, but not necessarily be limited to the following:
 - 1) Review all floodplain development permit applications to assure that the provisions of this Ordinance will be satisfied.

- 2) Review floodplain development applications to assure that all necessary permits have been obtained from federal, state and local governmental agencies including approval when required from the Department of Natural Resources for floodplain construction.
- 3) Record and maintain a record of (i) the elevation (in relation to North American Vertical Datum 1988 (ALTERNATIVE LANGUAGE: National Geodetic Vertical Datum 1929) [NOTE: reference Flood Insurance Study for the appropriate datum]) of the lowest floor (including basement) of all new or substantially improved structures or (ii) the elevation to which new or substantially improved structures have been floodproofed.
- 4) Notify adjacent communities/counties and the Department of Natural Resources prior to any proposed alteration or relocation of a watercourse and submit evidence of such notifications to the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- 5) Keep a record of all permits, appeals and such other transactions and correspondence pertaining to the administration of this Ordinance.
- 6) Submit to the Federal Insurance Administrator an annual report concerning the community's participation, utilizing the annual report form supplied by the Federal Insurance Administrator.
- 7) Notify the Federal Insurance Administration of any annexations or modifications to the community's boundaries.
- 8) Review subdivision proposals to insure such proposals are consistent with the purpose of this ordinance and advise the Board of Adjustment of potential conflict.
- 9) Maintain the accuracy of the community's Flood Insurance Rate Maps when;
 - a. Development placed within the Floodway (Overlay) District results in any of the following:
 - (i) An increase in the Base Flood Elevations, or
 - (ii) Alteration to the floodway boundary
 - b. Development placed in Zones A, AE, AH, and A1-30 that does not include a designated floodway that will cause a rise of more than one foot in the base elevation; or
 - c. Development relocates or alters the channel within 6 months of the completion of the development, the applicant shall submit to FEMA all scientific and technical data necessary for a Letter of Map Revision.
- 10) Perform site inspections to ensure compliance with the standards of this Ordinance.
- 11) Forward all requests for Variances to the Board of Adjustment for consideration. Ensure all requests include the information ordinarily submitted with applications as well as any additional information deemed necessary to the Board of Adjustment.

- A. Permit Required A Floodplain Development Permit issued by the Administrator shall be secured prior to any floodplain development (any man-made change to improved and unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, filling, grading, paving, storage of materials and equipment, excavation or drilling operations), including the placement of factory-built homes.
- B. Application for Permit Application shall be made on forms furnished by the Administrator and shall include the following:
 - 1) Description of the work to be covered by the permit for which application is to be made.
 - 2) Description of the land on which the proposed work is to be done (i.e., lot, block, track, street address or similar description) that will readily identify and locate the work to be done.
 - 3) Location and dimensions of all structures and additions.
 - 4) Indication of the use or occupancy for which the proposed work is intended.
 - 5) Elevation of the base flood.
 - 6) Elevation (in relation to North American Vertical Datum 1988 [reference Flood Insurance Study for the appropriate datum]) of the lowest floor (including basement) of structures or of the level to which a structure is to be floodproofed.
 - 7) For structures being improved or rebuilt, the estimated cost of improvements and market value of the structure prior to the improvements.
 - 8) Such other information as the Administrator deems reasonably necessary (e.g., drawings or a site plan) for the purpose of this Ordinance.
- C. Filing Fee All applications shall pay a fee based on the fee schedule approved by the Board of Supervisors.
- D. Action on Permit Application The Administrator shall, within a reasonable time, make a determination as to whether the proposed floodplain development meets the applicable standards of this Ordinance and shall approve or disapprove the application. For disapprovals, the applicant shall be informed, in writing, of the specific reasons therefore. The Administrator shall not issue permits for variances except as directed by the County Board of Adjustment.
- E. Construction and Use to be as Provided in Application and Plans Floodplain Development Permits based on the basis of approved plans and applications authorize only the use, arrangement, and construction set forth in such approved plans and applications and no other use, arrangement or construction. Any use, arrangement, or construction at variance with that authorized shall be deemed a violation of this Ordinance. The applicant shall be required to submit certification by a professional engineer or land surveyor, as appropriate, registered in the State of Iowa, that the finished fill, structure floor elevations, floodproofing, or other flood protection measures were accomplished in compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance, prior to the use or occupancy of any structure.

The floodplain areas within the jurisdiction of this ordinance are hereby divided into the following districts:

- 1. Floodway Overlay District (FW) those areas identified as Floodway on the Official Flood Plain Zoning Map;
- 2. Floodway Fringe Overlay District (FF) those areas identified as Zone AE on the Official Flood Plain Zoning Map but excluding those areas identified as Floodway;
- 3. General Floodplain Overlay District (GF) those areas identified as Zone A on the Official Flood Plain Zoning Map, and;

The boundaries shall be as shown on the Official Floodplain Zoning Map. Within these districts, all uses not allowed as Permitted Uses are prohibited unless a variance to the terms of this ordinance is granted after due consideration by the Board of Adjustment.

Section 7. Delete Section 6.22 and replace with the following:

6-22. "FW" FLOODWAY OVERLAY DISTRICT

1. General Intent: It is the intent of the "FW" Floodway Overlay District that the identified area is designated to carry flood waters and should be protected from developmental encroachment which would increase the flood levels or cause unnecessary threats to personal property or allow unnecessary threats to personal safety. Buildings and structures which impede the free flow of flood waters will not be allowed.

2. Permitted Uses

All development within the Floodway District shall be permitted to the extent that they are not prohibited by any other ordinance (or underlying zoning district) and provided they meet applicable performance standards of the Floodway District.

3. Performance Standards

All Floodway District uses allowed as a Permitted Use shall meet the following standards.

- A. No development shall be permitted in the Floodway District that would result in any increase in the base flood elevation. Consideration of the effects of any development on flood levels shall be based upon the assumption that an equal degree of development would be allowed for similarly situated lands.
- B. All development within the Floodway District shall:
 - 1) Be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage.
 - 2) Use construction methods and practices that will minimize flood damage.
 - 3) Use construction materials and utility equipment that are resistant to flood damage.
- C. No development shall affect the capacity or conveyance of the channel or floodway

of any tributary to the main stream, drainage ditch or any other drainage facility or system.

- D. Structures, buildings, recreational vehicles, and sanitary and utility systems, if permitted, shall meet the applicable performance standards of the Floodway Fringe District and shall be constructed or aligned to present the minimum possible resistance to flood flows.
- E. Structures, if permitted, shall have a low flood damage potential and shall not be for human habitation.
- F. Storage of materials or equipment that are buoyant, flammable, explosive or injurious to human, animal or plant life is prohibited. Storage of other material may be allowed if readily removable from the Floodway District within the time available after flood warning.
- G. Watercourse alterations or relocations (channel changes and modifications) must be designed to maintain the flood carrying capacity within the altered or relocated portion. In addition, such alterations or relocations must be approved by the Department of Natural Resources.
- H. Any fill allowed in the floodway must be shown to have some beneficial purpose and shall be limited to the minimum amount necessary.
- I. Pipeline river or stream crossings shall be buried in the streambed and banks or otherwise sufficiently protected to prevent rupture due to channel degradation and meandering or due to the action of flood flows.

Section 8. Delete Section 6.23 and replace with the following

6-23. "FF" FLOODWAY FRINGE OVERLAY DISTRICT

1. General Intent: The intent of the "FF" Floodway Fringe Overlay District is to require special site planning and construction standards to minimize the threats to personal safety and damage to property caused by flooding.

2. Permitted Uses

All development within the Floodway Fringe District shall be permitted to the extent that they are not prohibited by any other ordinance (or underlying zoning district) and provided they meet applicable performance standards of the Floodway Fringe District.

3. Performance Standards

All development must be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage and meet the following applicable performance standards. Until a regulatory floodway is designated, no development may increase the Base Flood Elevation more than one (1) foot. The applicant will be responsible for providing the Department of Natural Resources with sufficient technical information to make such determination.

A. All development shall:

- 1) Be designed and adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement.
- 2) Use construction methods and practices that will minimize flood damage.
- 3) Use construction materials and utility equipment that are resistant to flood damage.
- B. Residential structures All new or substantially improved residential structures shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated a minimum of one (1) foot above the base flood elevation. Construction shall be upon compacted fill which shall, at all points, be no lower than 1.0 ft. above the base flood elevation and extend at such elevation at least 18 feet beyond the limits of any structure erected thereon. Alternate methods of elevating (such as piers or extended foundations) may be allowed where existing topography, street grades, or other factors preclude elevating by fill. In such cases, the methods used must be adequate to support the structure as well as withstand the various forces and hazards associated with flooding.

All new residential structures located in areas that would become isolated due to flooding of surrounding ground shall be provided with a means of access that will be passable by wheeled vehicles during the base flood. However, this criterion shall not apply where the Administrator determines there is sufficient flood warning time for the protection of life and property. When estimating flood warning time, consideration shall be given to the criteria listed in 567-75.2(3), Iowa Administrative Code.

C. Non-residential structures - All new or substantially improved non-residential structures shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated a minimum of one (1) foot above the base flood elevation, or together with attendant utility and sanitary systems, be floodproofed to such a level. When floodproofing is utilized, a professional engineer registered in the State of Iowa shall certify that the floodproofing methods used are adequate to withstand the flood depths, pressures, velocities, impact and uplift forces and other factors associated with the base flood; and that the structure, below the base flood elevation is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water. A record of the certification indicating the specific elevation (in relation to North American Vertical Datum 1988 [NOTE: reference Flood Insurance Study for the appropriate datum]) to which any structures are floodproofed shall be maintained by the Administrator.

D. All new and substantially improved structures:

- 1) Fully enclosed areas below the "lowest floor" (not including basements) that are subject to flooding shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:
 - a. A minimum of two (2) openings having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided.
 - b. The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above grade.
 - c. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, valves, or other coverings or devices provided they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters.

Such areas shall be used solely for parking of vehicles, building access and low damage potential storage.

- 2) New and substantially improved structures must be designed (or modified) and adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy.
- 3) New and substantially improved structures shall be constructed with electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air conditioning equipment and other service facilities elevated or floodproofed to a minimum of one (1) foot above the base flood elevation.

E. Factory-built homes:

- 1) All new and substantially improved factory-built homes, including those placed in existing factory-built home parks or subdivisions, shall be elevated on a permanent foundation such that the lowest floor of the structure is a minimum of one (1) foot above the base flood elevation.
- 2) All new and substantially improved factory-built homes, including those placed in existing factory-built home parks or subdivisions, shall be anchored to resist flotation, collapse, or lateral movement. Anchorage systems may include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors as required by the State Building Code.

F. Utility and Sanitary Systems:

- 1) On-site wastewater disposal and water supply systems shall be located or designed to avoid impairment to the system or contamination from the system during flooding.
- 2) All new and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the system as well as the discharge of effluent into flood waters. Wastewater treatment facilities (other than on-site systems) shall be provided with a level of flood protection equal to or greater than one (1) foot above the base flood elevation.
- 3) New or replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the system. Water supply treatment facilities (other than on-site systems) shall be provided with a level of protection equal to or greater than one (1) foot above the base flood elevation.
- 4) Utilities such as gas or electrical systems shall be located and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damage to the system and the risk associated with such flood damaged or impaired systems.
- G. Storage of materials and equipment that are flammable, explosive or injurious to human, animal or plant life is prohibited unless elevated a minimum of one (1) foot above the base flood elevation. Other material and equipment must either be similarly elevated or (i) not be subject to major flood damage and be anchored to prevent movement due to flood waters or (ii) be readily removable from the area within the time available after flood warning.
- H. Flood control structural works such as levees, flood walls, etc. shall provide, at a minimum, protection from the base flood with a minimum of 3 ft. of design freeboard and shall provide for adequate interior drainage. In addition, the Department of Natural Resources shall approve structural flood control works.
- I. Watercourse alterations or relocations must be designed to maintain the flood carrying capacity within the altered or relocated portion. In addition, the Department of Natural Resources must approve such alterations or relocations.

J. Subdivisions (including factory-built home parks and subdivisions) shall be consistent with the need to minimize flood damages and shall have adequate drainage provided to reduce exposure to flood damage. Development associated with subdivision proposals (including the installation of public utilities) shall meet the applicable performance standards of this Ordinance. Subdivision proposals intended for residential use shall provide all lots with a means of access which will be passable by wheeled vehicles during the base flood. Proposals for subdivisions greater than five (5) acres or fifty (50) lots (whichever is less) shall include base flood elevation data for those areas located within the Floodway Fringe (Overlay) District.

K. Accessory Structures to Residential Uses

- 1) Detached garages, sheds, and similar structures that are incidental to a residential use are exempt from the base flood elevation requirements where the following criteria are satisfied:
 - a. The structure shall be designed to have low flood damage potential. Its size shall not exceed 600 sq. ft. in size. Those portions of the structure located less than 1 foot above the base flood elevation must be constructed of flood-resistant materials.
 - b. The structure shall be used solely for low flood damage potential purposes such as vehicle parking and limited storage. The structure shall not be used for human habitation.
 - c. The structure shall be constructed and placed on the building site so as to offer minimum resistance to the flow of floodwaters.
 - d. The structure shall be firmly anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, and lateral movement which may result in damage to other structures.
 - e. The structure's service facilities such as electrical and heating equipment shall be elevated or floodproofed to at least one foot above the base flood elevation.
 - f. The structure's walls shall include openings that satisfy the provisions of Section 6-21.3.D. of this Ordinance.
- 2) Exemption from the base flood elevation requirements for such a structure may result in increased premium rates for flood insurance coverage of the structure and its contents.

L. Recreational Vehicles

- 1) Recreational vehicles are exempt from the requirements of Section 6-23.3.E(2) of this Ordinance regarding anchoring and elevation of factory-built homes when the following criteria are satisfied:
 - a. The recreational vehicle shall be located on the site for less than 180 consecutive days, and,
 - b. The recreational vehicle must be fully licensed and ready for highway use. A recreational vehicle is ready for highway use if it is on its wheels or jacking system and is attached to the site only by quick disconnect type utilities and security devices and has no permanently attached additions.
- 2) Recreational vehicles that are located on the site for more than 180 consecutive days or are not ready for highway use must satisfy requirements of Section 6-23.3.E(2) of this Ordinance regarding anchoring and elevation of factory-built homes.

- M. Pipeline river and stream crossings shall be buried in the streambed and banks, or otherwise sufficiently protected to prevent rupture due to channel degradation and meandering.
- N. Maximum Damage Potential Development – All new or substantially improved maximum damage potential development shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated a minimum of one (1) foot above the elevation of the 500-year flood, or together with attendant utility and sanitary systems, be floodproofed to such a level. When floodproofing is utilized, a professional engineer registered in the State of Iowa shall certify that the floodproofing methods used are adequate to withstand the flood depths, pressures, velocities, impact and uplift forces and other factors associated with the 0.2% annual chance flood; and that the structure, below the 0.2% annual chance flood elevation is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water. A record of the certification indicating the specific elevation (in relation to North American Vertical Datum 1988 [NOTE: reference Flood Insurance Study for the appropriate datum]) to which any structures are floodproofed shall be maintained by the Administrator. Where 0.2% chance flood elevation data has not been provided in the Flood Insurance Study, the Iowa Department of Natural Resources shall be contacted to compute such data. The applicant will be responsible for providing the Department of Natural Resources with sufficient technical information to make such determinations.

Section 9. Delete Section 6.24 and replace with the following:

6-24. "GF" GENERAL FLOOD PLAIN OVERLAY DISTRICT

1. General Intent: The "GF" General Floodplain Overlay District reflects those areas which would be inundated during a 100-year flood, but for which specific flood elevations and floodway and floodway fringe limits have not been established. It is the intent of the "GF" Overlay District to impose the development standards of the FW and FF Overlay Districts after a determination is made to identify the floodway and floodway fringe areas on an individual project basis. Where 100-year flood data has not been provided in the Flood Insurance Study, the applicant for a Flood Plain Development Permit shall contact the Iowa Department of Natural Resources to compute such data. The Department of Natural Resources shall obtain, review and reasonably utilize any base flood elevation and floodway data available from a Federal, State, or other source, as criteria for reviewing new construction, substantial improvements, or other development in the General Flood Plain Overlay District.

2. Permitted Uses

- A. All development within the General Floodplain District shall be permitted to the extent that they are not prohibited by any other ordinance (or underlying zoning district) and provided they meet the applicable performance standards of the General Floodplain District.
- B. Any development which involves placement of structures, factory-built homes, fill or other obstructions, storage of materials or equipment, excavation or alteration of a watercourse shall be reviewed by the Department of Natural Resources to determine (i) whether the land involved is either wholly or partly within the floodway or floodway fringe and (ii) the base flood elevation. The applicant shall be responsible for providing the Department of Natural Resources with sufficient technical information to make the determination.
- C. Review by the Iowa Department of Natural Resources is not required for the proposed construction of new or replacement bridges or culverts where:
- 1) The bridge or culvert is located on a stream that drains less than one hundred (100) square miles, and

- 2) The bridge or culvert is not associated with a channel modification that constitutes a channel change as specified in 567-71.2(1)b, Iowa Administrative Code.
- 3) Performance Standards
- A. All development, or portions thereof, to be located in the floodway as determined by the Department of Natural Resources shall meet the applicable provisions and standards of the Floodway Overlay District (Section 6-22).
- B. All development, or portions thereof, to be located in the floodway fringe as determined by the Department of Natural Resources shall meet the applicable provisions and standards of the Floodway Fringe Overlay District (Section 6-23).

Section 10. Add the following language to Section 6-30 ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES:

Section 6-30.E.

- (6) In cases where the variance involves a lower level of flood protection for structures than what is ordinarily required by this Ordinance, the applicant shall be notified in writing over the signature of the Administrator that: (i) the issuance of a variance will result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to amounts as high as \$25 for \$100 of insurance coverage and (ii) such construction increases risks to life and property.
- (7) All variances granted shall have the concurrence or approval of the Department of Natural Resources.

Section 6-30.

F. Nonconforming Uses

- (1) A structure or the use of a structure or premises which was lawful before the passage or amendment of this Ordinance, but which is not in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance, may be continued subject to the following conditions:
 - a. If such use is discontinued for six (6) consecutive months, any future use of the building premises shall conform to this Ordinance.
 - b. Uses or adjuncts thereof that are or become nuisances shall not be entitled to continue as nonconforming uses.
 - c. If any nonconforming use or structure is destroyed by any means, including flood, it shall not be reconstructed if the cost is more than fifty (50) percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred, unless it is reconstructed in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance. This limitation does not include the cost of any alteration to comply with existing state or local health, sanitary, building or safety codes or regulations or the cost of any alteration of a structure listed on the National Register of Historic Places, provided that the alteration shall not preclude its continued designation.

d.	Except as provided in Section 6-30.F(1)b., any use which has been permitted as a
	Variance shall be considered a conforming use.

Section 11. Validity and Severability

Should any section or provision of this Ordinance be declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the Ordinance as a whole, or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be invalid.

Section 12. Repealer

All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Section 13. Effective Date.

ovided.		ve after its final passage and publication as by l
Public Hearing		,
First Co	onsideration	,
	Second Consideration	,
		Ken Beck
		Chairman, Board of Supervisors
Attested by:		
	Roxanna Moritz	
	Scott County Auditor	

Published on ______.

DATE

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

APPROVAL OF STAFF APPOINTMENTS

BE IT RESOLVED BY the Scott County Board of Supervisors as follows:

Section 1. The hiring of Carlos Delgado for the position of Deputy Sheriff in the Sheriff's Office at the entry level rate.

Section 2. The hiring of Logan Peters for the position of Corrections Officer in the Sheriff's Office at the entry level rate.

Section 3. The hiring of Carl McCaffery for the position of Corrections Officer in the Sheriff's Office at the entry level rate.

Section 4. The hiring of Perry Hudson-Jackson for the position of Corrections Officer in the Sheriff's Office at the entry level rate.

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

600 West Fourth Street Davenport, Iowa 52801-1003

Office: (563) 326-8702 Fax: (563) 328-3285 www.scottcountyiowa.com



January 12, 2021

TO: Mahesh Sharma, County Administrator

FROM: David Farmer, CPA, MPA Director of Budget and Administrative Services

RE: Non-Congregate Care Sheltering Amendments

Scott County administratively entered into COVID FEMA Public Assistance funding with Humility Homes, The Salvation Army, and Family Resources in March 2020 to provide Federal, 75% of project costs, and State, pass through funding, 10% of project costs. The funding was to supply non-congregate sheltering within Scott County for high-risk groups individuals that may be at risk of passing the COVID-19 Virus to others through a lack of social distancing. The not-for-profit partners supplied the 15% local match. The agreements were amended in August to reflect the state's additional 15% match to cover local expenditures retroactive to the grant period through date submitted to the State of Iowa.

Scott County is responsible, as the local government grantor, for FEMA contract compliance, monitors weekly participation levels, and audits any claimed expenditures. Additionally 30-day monthly approvals by Iowa Homeland Security and FEMA are required to be filed and approved.

An additional amendment is requested to return to the 75% Federal, 10% state and 15% local match as of November 1, 2020, as the additional state funding is no longer available. The shelters have agreed to fund the 15% local match with community funds.

The following reconciles the funding of this program:

	Federal	State	Local
Contract Signing –			
March – August	75%	10%	15%
August Contract			
Amendment			
(retroactive to grant			
initiation)	75%	25%	0%
November to project			
end date	75%	10%	15%

CC: Lori Elam, Director of Community Services

DATE

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

JANUARY 21, 2021

APPROVING CONTRACT AMENDMENTS FOR NON-CONGREGATE SHELTERING

BE IT RESOLVED BY the Scott County Board of Supervisors as follows:

Section 1. Scott County is in support of Non-Congregate Sheltering with Scott County, Iowa entered into FEMA Public Assistance pass through funding for The Salvation Army; Family Resources, Inc.; and Humility Homes and Services, Inc.

Section 2. The State of Iowa additional 15% funding is no longer available and the funding terms will return to 75% federal, 10% state and 15% local funds.

Section 3. The Community Services Director is authorized to sign the contract amendment.

Section 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

600 West Fourth Street Davenport, Iowa 52801-1003

Office: (563) 326-8702 Fax: (563) 328-3285 www.scottcountyiowa.com



January 11, 2021

TO: Mahesh Sharma, County Administrator

FROM: David Farmer, CPA, MPA Director of Budget and Administrative Services

RE: FY22 Maximum Proposed Tax Levy

Please find attached the resolution to approve the FY22 Maximum Proposed Tax Levy Public Hearing. The public hearing is to be held on Thursday, February 18, 2021 and advanced notice of the hearing is required to be published between 10 and 20 days before the hearing. The publication will be scheduled for Wednesday February 3, 2021 in the two official County newspapers and will also be posted on the county website according to state law.

The maximum tax levy hearing is in accordance with SF 634 (2019 legislative session). Following the public hearing SF 634 requires a resolution be adopted approving the maximum tax dollars (property tax plus utility replacement tax requests) that may be assessed during the year. Following the resolution adopting the maximum tax levy, the board may set the time, date and place for the hearing on the regular county budget. This is tentatively scheduled for March 18, 2021. The budget is required to be adopted by March 31, 2021.

The proposed maximum tax levy dollars is \$52,542,240 within the General Fund and \$3,600,000 within the rural services fund. A copy of the proposed notification with attached.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING -PROPOSED PROPERTY TAX LEVY

Fiscal Year July 1, 2021 - June 30, 2022 County Name: SCOTT COUNTY County Number: 82

The County Board of Supervisors will conduct a public hearing on the proposed Fiscal Year County budget as follows:

Meeting Location: 600 West Fourth Street, or virtually due to COVID-19 Procedures - Please check www.scottcountyiowa.gov for meeting details. Meeting Date: 2/18/2021 Meeting Time: 05:00 PM

Contact Person: David Farmer Contact Phone Number: (563) 326-8651

At the public hearing any resident or taxpayer may present objections to, or arguments in favor of the proposed tax levy. After adoption of the proposed tax levy, the Board will publish notice and hold a hearing on the proposed county budget.

County Website (if available)

County Telephone Number

www.scottcountyiowa.gov					(563) 326-8651
		Current Year Certified Property Tax FY 2020/2021	Budget Year Effective Property Tax FY 2021/2022	Budget Year Proposed Maximum Property Tax FY 2021/2022	Proposed Percentage Change
Taxable Valuations-General Services	1	9,378,775,274	9,643,505,616	9,643,505,616	
Requested Tax Dollars-General Basic	2	32,825,714		33,752,240	
Requested Tax Dollars-General Supplemental		17,171,269		19,000,000	
Requested Tax Dollars-General Services Total		49,996,983	49,996,983	52,752,240	5.51
Estimated Tax Rate-General Services	5	5.33086	5.18452	5.47023	
Taxable Valuations-Rural Services	6	1,140,293,513	1,179,214,091	1,179,214,091	
Requested Tax Dollars-Rural Basic	7	3,308,416		3,600,000	
Requested Tax Dollars-Rural Supplemental	8				
Requested Tax Dollars-Rural Services Total	9	3,308,416	3,308,416	3,600,000	8.81
Estimated Tax Rate-Rural Services	10	2.90137	2.80561	3.05288	

Explanation of increases in the budget:

To fund fiscal year 2022 General Fund and Rural Service for continuing operations; including salary and benefit adjustments, departmental staffing request, increased cost of occupancy. County wide taxable valuation grew at 2.8% and unincorporated areas grew at 3.4%. Maximum budget dollars provides for County budget evaluation through the budget adoption process.

If applicable, the above notice is also available online at:

https://www.scottcountyiowa.gov/administration/budget/notices

The above tax rates do not include county voted levies, mental health and disabilities services levy, debt service levy and the rates of other local jurisdictions. Regarding proposed maximum dollars, the Board of Supervisors cannot adopt a higher tax asking for these levies following the public hearing. Budget year effective property tax rate is the rate that would be assessed for these levies if the dollars requested is not changed in the coming year.

DATE

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

AUTHORIZING THE SETTING OF A PUBLIC HEARING FOR THE PROPOSED TAX LEVY FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

BE IT RESOLVED BY the Scott County Board of Supervisors as follows:

Section 1. All County departmental FY22 budget requests and all authorized agency FY22 funding requests are hereby authorized for filing. The County Director of Budget and Administrative Services has developed a maximum tax levy for the proposed county budget for FY22.

Section 2. The public hearing will consider a maximum proposed tax levy of \$52,752,240 for general services (General Fund) and \$3,600,000 for Rural Services.

Section 3. The Board of Supervisors hereby fixes the time and place for a public hearing on the maximum tax levy for the General Fund and Rural Services Fund for Thursday, February 18, 2021 at 5:00 p.m. in the Board Room at the Scott County Administrative Center or held virtually according to state law. The public is encouraged to meet virtually and may find contact information at www.scottcountyjowa.gov.

Section 4. That the publication is posted on the Scott County Website.

Scott County Resolution January 21, 2021 Page 2

Section 5. The Scott County Auditor is hereby directed to publish the notice as required by law.

Section 6. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

DATE

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

APPROVING APPOINTMENTS TO THE CONDEMNATION APPRAISAL JURY

BE IT RESOLVED BY the Scott County Board of Supervisors as follows:

Section 1. That the following appointments to the Scott County Condemnation Appraisal Jury for a one (1) year term expiring on December 31, 2021, are hereby approved:

BECK:	BANKERS Hap Volz Amanda Boyer	CITY Jay Sommers Sara Somsky	FARMERS Chuck Brockmann Lori Rochau	REAL ESTATE Jason Purcell Katie Sommers
MAXWELL:	Steve Von Muenster	Greg Kautz	Joe Golinghorst	Lesa Buck
	Trish Townsend	Sharon Maxwell	Jennifer Ewoldt	Jeff Heuer
CROKEN:	Julie Smith	Elizabeth Hodges	Keith Steward	Scott Ryder
	Joe Slavens	Kevin Gilmore	Wayne Hean	Lynsey Engels
KINZER:	Tom Messer	Sandra Frericks	Mary Frick	Sara DeWulf
	Kristal Schaefer	Mark Ross	Jerry Mohr	Thad DenHartog
KNOBBE:	Tom King	Mary Kellenberger	Joni Dittmer	Rick Schaefer
	Caleb Jacobi	Patrick Doyle	Carrie Keppy	Jolean Overton

Section 2. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

DATE

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

APPROVAL OF APPOINTMENT OF NATHAN BILLANY TO THE LIBRARY BOARD

- Section 1. That the appointment of Nathan Billany, LeClaire, to the Library

 Board for an unexpired six (6) year term expiring on June 30, 2021 is hereby approved.
- Section 2. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

DATE

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

APPROVAL OF APPOINTMENT OF DAN TRUE TO THE LIBRARY BOARD

- Section 1. That the appointment of Dan True, Blue Grass, to the Library Board for an unexpired six (6) year term expiring on June 30, 2021 is hereby approved.
- Section 2. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

DATE

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

APPROVAL OF APPOINTMENT OF KIM HILDEBRAND TO THE LIBRARY BOARD

- Section 1. That the appointment of Kim Hildebrand, Princeton, to the Library

 Board for an unexpired six (6) year term expiring on June 30, 2023 is
 hereby approved.
- Section 2. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

DATE

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

APPROVAL OF APPOINTMENT OF SEAN ECKHARDT TO THE BUILDING BOARD OF APPEALS

- Section 1. That the appointment of Sean Eckhardt, Eldridge, to the Building

 Board of Appeals for a (5) year term expiring on December 31, 2025
 is hereby approved.
- Section 2. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

DATE

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

APPROVAL OF APPOINTMENT OF DOUG NELSON TO THE COUNTY ASSESSOR EXAMINING BOARD

- Section 1. That the appointment of Doug Nelson, Bettendorf, to the County

 Assessor Examining Board for a (6) year term expiring on December

 31, 2026 is hereby approved.
- Section 2. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

DATE

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

APPROVAL OF APPOINTMENT OF JACKIE STARON TO THE JUDICIAL MAGISTRATE APPOINTMENT COMMISSION

- Section 1. That the appointment of Jackie Staron, Rural Davenport, to the Judicial Magistrate Appointment Commission for a six (6) year term expiring on December 31, 2026 is hereby approved.
- Section 2. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

THE COUNTY AUDITOR'S SIGNATURE CERTIFIES THAT THIS RESOLUTION HAS BEEN FORMALLY APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON	
DATE	
SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR	

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

Recognizing Martin Luther King Jr. Holiday as a Day of Service

WHEREAS, Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. devoted his life to advancing equality, social justice, and opportunity for all, and challenged all Americans to participate in the never-ending work of building a more perfect union; and

WHEREAS, Dr. King's teachings can continue to guide and inspire us in addressing challenges in our communities; and

WHEREAS, in 1994, Congress designated the Martin Luther King Jr. holiday as a national day of volunteer service, and charged AmeriCorps with leading this effort; and

WHEREAS, since 1994, millions of Americans have been inspired by the life and work of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. to serve their neighbors and communities on the King Holiday; and

WHEREAS, serving on MLK Day is an appropriate way to honor Dr. King, meet local and national needs, bring our citizens together, and strengthen our communities and nation; and

WHEREAS, MLK Day offers an opportunity for Americans to give back to their communities on the holiday and make an ongoing commitment to service throughout the year; and

WHEREAS, virtual and COVID—19 appropriate MLK Day service projects are organized by a wide range of nonprofit and community organizations, educational institutions, public agencies, private businesses, and other organizations to meet important community needs; and

WHEREAS, each of us can and must contribute to making our communities better with increased opportunity for all our citizens, and

WHEREAS, Scott County Citizens have the opportunity to participate in virtual and safe service events throughout our county on the Martin Luther King Jr. Day of Service, January 18, 2021, as well as create and implement community service projects where they identify the need;

BE IT RESOLVED BY the Scott County Board of Supervisors as follows:

Section 1. That the Board of Supervisors does hereby proclaim the Martin Luther King Jr. Holiday as a Day of Service in Scott County and calls upon the people of Scott County to pay tribute to the life and works of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. through participation in community service projects throughout the year.

Section 2. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

Item #4

THE COUNTY AUDITOR'S SIGNATURE CERTIFIES THAT THIS RESOLUTION HAS BEEN FORMALLY APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON

DATE

SCOTT COUNTY AUDITOR

RESOLUTION

SCOTT COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

January 21, 2021

Recognizing January as National Mentoring Month

WHEREAS, January 2021 will mark the 19th anniversary of National Mentoring Month, an annual campaign to focus attention on the need for mentors, as well as how each of us can work together to increase the number of mentors to help ensure positive outcomes for our young people.

WHERESAS, Scott County honors volunteer mentors who support young people by showing up for them every day and demonstrating their commitment to helping them thrive; and

WHEREAS, mentoring programs like Big Brothers Big Sisters of the Mississippi Valley make our communities and our state stronger by driving impactful relationships that increase social capital for young people and provide invaluable support networks; and

WHEREAS, during the COVID-19 pandemic, mentoring programs have stepped up to fill gaps for young people and families, connecting them with resources and ensuring that mentoring relationships continue virtually to ensure that physical distancing does not mean social disconnection; and

WHEREAS, mentoring plays a pivotal role in career exploration and supports workplace skills by helping young people set career goals, equipping mentors with the skills needed to support the professional growth of young people, and drives positive outcomes for young people and businesses; and

WHEREAS, quality mentoring promotes healthy relationships and communication, positive self-esteem, emotional well-being, and growth of a young person and their relationships with other adults; and

WHEREAS, students who meet regularly with their mentors are more than 52 percent less likely than their peers to skip a day of school and youth who face an opportunity gap but have a mentor are 55 percent more likely to be enrolled in college than those who did not have a mentor; and

WHEREAS, youth who meet regularly with their mentors are 46 percent less likely than their peers to start using drugs and 27 percent less likely to start drinking; and

WHEREAS, almost half of today's young adults report having a mentor in their youth and those rates appear to have been rising steadily over the past several decades, and

WHEREAS, National Mentoring Month is the time of year to celebrate, elevate, and encourage mentoring across our state and recruit caring adult mentors in Scott County.

- Section 1. That the Board of Supervisors does hereby proclaim January 2021 as National Mentoring Month in Scott County;
- Section 2. This resolution shall take effect immediately.